

Section 1. Identification

CAS number : Not applicable.
UN number : Not regulated.
EC number : Mixture.
GHS product identifier : ALTIS EM 2

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Lubricating grease

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Asia-Pacific: +65 3158 1074

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.
Hazard statements : No hazard statement.
Precautionary statements
Prevention : Not applicable.
Response : Not applicable.
Storage : Not applicable.
Disposal : Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Additional information : Mineral oil of petroleum origin. Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

**Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of identification : Not available.

Ingredient name	Identifiers	% (w/w)
A mixture of: 3,3'-dicyclohexyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea; 3-cyclohexyl-1-(4-(4-(3-octadecylureido)benzyl)phenyl)urea; 3,3'-dioctadecyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea	EC: 406-530-2	≤10
sorbitan oleate	CAS: 1338-43-8 EC: 215-665-4	≤3
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	CAS: 68411-46-1 EC: 270-128-1	<1
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	CAS: 192268-65-8	<1
Reaction mass of 1H-Benzotriazole-1-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-6-methyl- and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine	EC: 939-700-4	<0.25

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measuresDescription of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedPotential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms



Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide Silicon Dioxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides sulfur oxides Hydrogen sulfide Mercaptans
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Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".



Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Advisory OEL** : Mineral oil mist: USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m³, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m³, STEL 10 mg/m³, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m³ (highly refined)

Individual protection measures



- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Hydrocarbon-proof gloves
Fluorinated rubber
nitrile rubber
Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Green.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : >260°C (>500°F) [EN ISO 3016]
- Boiling point** : Not applicable.
- Flash point** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Yes.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not applicable.
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.9 [ASTM D 4052]
- Density** : 0.9 g/cm³ [20°C] [ASTM D 4052]
- Solubility(ies)** :



Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Miscible with water	: No.
Solubility in water	: 0.851 g/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: >3.5
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: >260°C (>500°F)
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide Silicon Dioxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides sulfur oxides Hydrogen sulfide Mercaptans

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity



Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
A mixture of: 3,3'-dicyclohexyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene) diurea; 3-cyclohexyl-1-(4-(4-(3-octadecylureido)benzyl)phenyl)urea; 3,3'-dioctadecyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene) diurea	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	80.4 mg/l	1 hours	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	20.1 mg/l	4 hours	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2500 mg/kg	-	-
sorbitan oleate Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	EU B.1 Acute Toxicity (Oral) OECD 402
Reaction mass of 1H-Benzotriazole-1-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-6-methyl- and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3313 mg/kg	-	OECD 401

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/substance	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Test
sorbitan oleate reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit Rabbit	- 0	250 ug -	- EU EU Method B.5
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	4 hours	EU B.4 Acute Toxicity: Dermal Irritation/corrosion OECD 405
Reaction mass of 1H-Benzotriazole-	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	OECD 405



ALTIS EM 2

TotalEnergies

SDS # : 30558

1-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-6-methyl- and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	5.3	24 hours	OECD 404
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Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Eyes** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Product/substance	Route of exposure	Species	Result
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Reaction mass of 1H-Benzotriazole-1-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-6-methyl- and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Product/substance	Test	Experiment	Result
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity



Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg	13 weeks; 7 days per week

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/substance	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
A mixture of: 3,3'-dicyclohexyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea; 3-cyclohexyl-1-(4-(4-(3-octadecylureido)benzyl)phenyl)urea; 3,3'-dioctadecyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.1	5.1
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information :
Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/substance	Result	Species	Exposure	Test
A mixture of: 3,3'-dicyclohexyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea; 3-cyclohexyl-1-(4-(4-(3-octadecylureido)benzyl)phenyl)urea; 3,3'-dioctadecyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea	Acute EC50 100 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	-
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - <i>Scenedesmus subspicatu</i>	72 hours	OECD 201
Reaction mass of 1H-Benzotriazole-1-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-6-methyl- and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours	OECD 202
	Chronic NOEC 5.5 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days	OECD 211
	Acute EC10 0.658 mg/l	Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours	201
	Acute EC10 1.92 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	48 hours	202



	Acute EC50 0.976 mg/l	Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours	201
	Acute EC50 2.05 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	48 hours	202
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l	Fish - <i>Brachydanio rerio</i>	96 hours	203

Persistence and degradability

Product/substance	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
A mixture of: 3,3'-dicyclohexyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene) diurea; 3-cyclohexyl-1-(4-(4-(3-octadecylureido)benzyl)phenyl)urea; 3,3'-dioctadecyl-1,1'-methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)diurea sorbitan oleate	-	-	Not readily
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	-	-	Readily Not readily
Reaction mass of 1H-Benzotriazole-1-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-6-methyl- and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine and 2H-Benzotriazole-2-methanamine, N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-4-methyl- and N,N-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole-1-methylamine	-	-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance	LogK _{ow}	BCF	Potential
ALTIS EM 2	>3.5	-	Low
sorbitan oleate	5.1	-	High
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	5.1	1730	High
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	4.8 to 8.8	842 to 2194	High

Mobility in soil**Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})**

: Not available.

Mobility in soil

: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product has no soil mobility. The product is insoluble and floats on water. Loss by evaporation is limited.



Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
UN/ID No	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

[Circular no. 05/1999/TT-BYT](#)

Ingredient name	Category	Notes
diphenylamine	Category 2	

Toxic classification (TCVN 3164-79) : 4

International regulations

[Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals](#)

Not listed.

[Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC)	: Not determined.
Canada inventory (DSL/NDL)	: At least one component is not listed.
China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed, exempted, or notified.
Europe inventory (EC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory	: Japan inventory (CSCL) : Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL) : Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: At least one component is not listed.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	: Not determined.
Thailand inventory	: Not determined.
Turkey inventory	: Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Vietnam inventory	: Not determined.

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

Section 16. Other informationRatings of danger according to

NFPA



HMIS

Health	/	0
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

History

Date of revision	: 2024/07/16
previous revision date	: No previous validation
Version	: 1

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
: BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
: GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
: HMIS = Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
: IATA = International Air Transport Association
: IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
: IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
: LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
: MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,



1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 N/A = Not available
 NFPA = National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)
 SGG = Segregation Group
 UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.